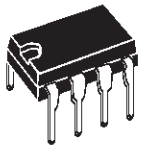
查询L4904A供应商

L4904A

DUAL 5V REGULATOR WITH RESET

- OUTPUT CURRENTS : I_{01} = 50mA
  I_{02} = 100mA
- FIXED PRECISION OUTPUT VOLTAGE 5V ± 2 %
- RESET FUNCTION CONTROLLED BY INPUT VOLTAGE AND OUTPUT 1 VOLTAGE
- RESET FUNCTION EXTERNALLY PROGRAMMABLE TIMING
- RESET OUTPUT LEVEL RELATED TO OUTPUT 2
- OUTPUT 2 INTERNALLY SWITCHED WITH ACTIVE DISCHARGING
- LOW LEAKAGE CURRENT, LESS THAN 1µA AT OUTPUT 1
- LOW QUIESCENT CURRENT (Input 1)
- INPUT OVERVOLTAGE PROTECTION UP TO 60V
- RESET OUTPUT NORMALLY HIGH
- OUTPUT TRANSISTORS SOA PROTECTION
- SHORT CIRCUIT AND THERMAL OVERLOAD PROTECTION



Minidip

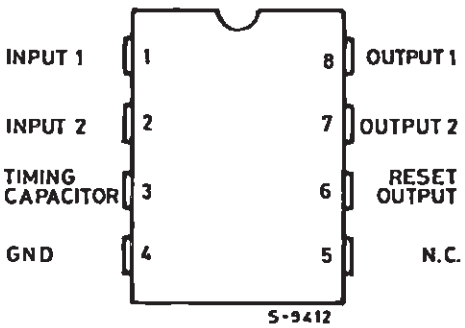
ORDERING NUMBER : L4904A

DESCRIPTION

The L4904A is a monolithic low drop dual 5V regulator designed mainly for supplying microprocessor systems.

Reset and data save functions during switch on/off can be realized.

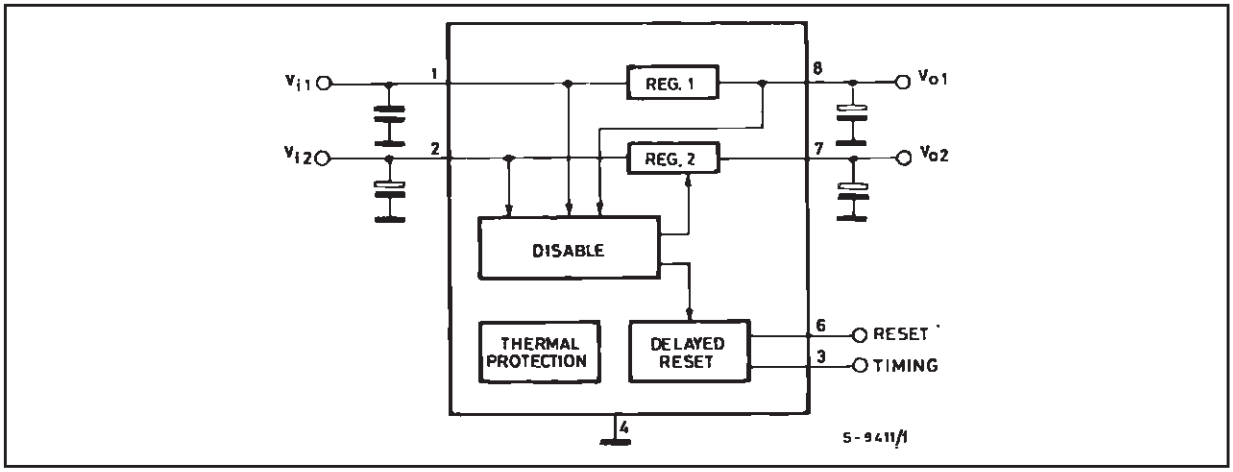
PIN CONNECTION



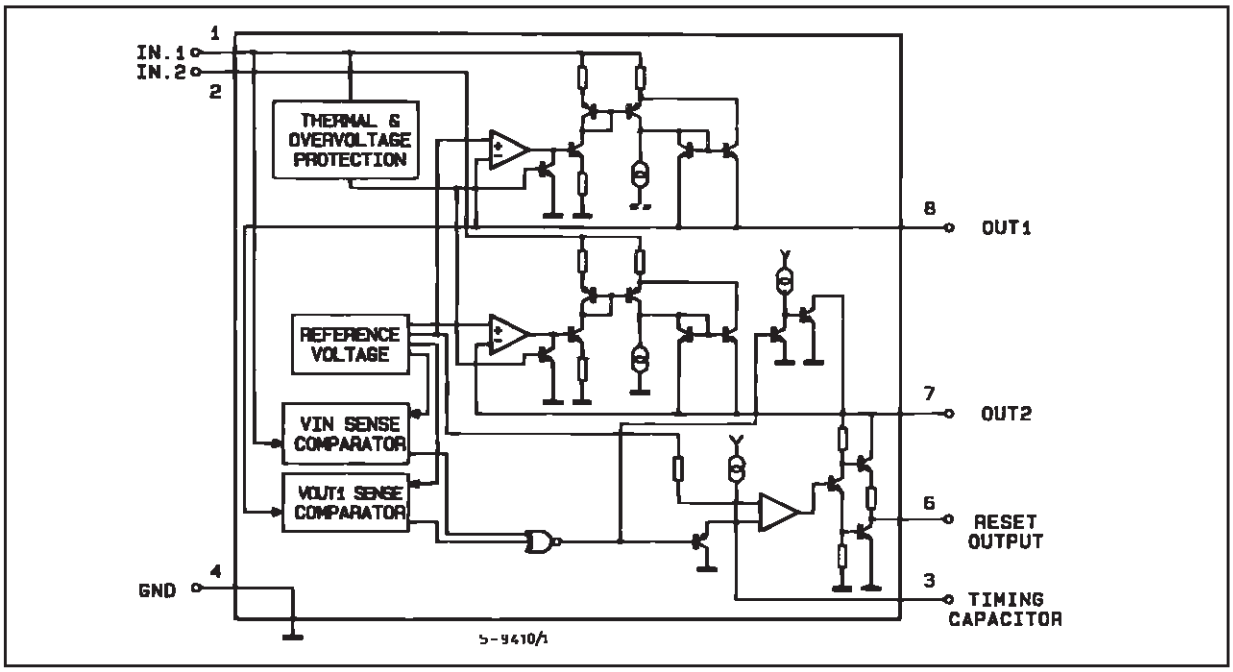
PIN FUNCTIONS

N°	Name	Function
1	Input 1	Low Quiescent Current 50mA Regulator Input.
2	Input 2	100mA Regulator Input.
3	Timing Capacitor	If Reg. 2 is switching-ON the delay capacitor is charged with a 10µA constant current. When Reg. 2 is switched-OFF the delay capacitor is discharged.
4	GND	Common Ground.
5	N.C.	Not connected.
6	Reset Output	When pin 3 reaches 5V the reset output is switched high. Therefore $t_{RD} = C_t (\frac{5V}{10\mu A})$; t_{RD} (ms) = C_t (nF).
7	Output 2	5V – 100mA Regulator Output. Enabled if V_o 1 > V_{RT} and $V_{IN\,2} > V_{IT}$. If Reg. 2 is switched-OFF the C_{o2} capacitor is discharged.
8	Output 1	5V – 50mA regulator output with low leakage in switch-OFF condition.

BLOCK DIAGRAM



SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM



ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Symbol	Parameter	Value	Unit
V_{IN}	DC Input Voltage Transient Input Overvoltage (t = 40ms)	24 60	V V
I_o	Output Current	Internally Limited	
P_{tot}	Power Dissipation at T_{amb} = 50°C	1	W
T_j	Storage and Junction Temperature	– 40 to 150	°C

THERMAL DATA

Symbol	Parameter		Value	Unit
$R_{th\ j\text{-}amb}$	Thermal Resistance Junction-ambient	Max	100	°C/W

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (V_{IN} = 14.4V, T_{amb} = 25°C unless otherwise specified)

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
V_i	DC Operating Input Voltage				20	V
V_{01}	Output Voltage 1	R Load 1kΩ	4.95	5.05	5.15	V
$V_{02\,H}$	Output Voltage 2 HIGH	R Load 1kΩ	V_{01} –0.1	5	V_{01}	V
$V_{02\,L}$	Output Voltage 2 LOW	I_{02} = – 5mA		0.1		V
I_{01}	Output Current 1	ΔV_{01} = – 100mV	50			mA
I_{L01}	Leakage Output 1 Current	V_{IN} = 0, $V_{01} \leq$ 3V			1	µA
I_{02}	Output Current 2	ΔV_{02} = – 100mV	100			mA
V_{I01}	Output 1 Dropout Voltage (*)	I_{01} = 10mA I_{01} = 50mA		0.7 0.75	0.8 0.9	V V
V_{IT}	Input Threshold Voltage		V_{01} + 1.2	6.4	V_{01} + 1.7	V
V_{ITH}	Input Threshold Voltage Hyst.			250		mV
ΔV_{01}	Line Regulation	7V < V_{IN} < 18V, I_{01} = 5mA		5	50	mV
ΔV_{02}	Line Regulation 2	7V < V_{IN} < 18V, I_{02} = 5mA		5	50	mV
ΔV_{01}	Load Regulation 1	V_{IN} = 8V, 5mA < I_{01} < 50mA		5	20	mV
ΔV_{02}	Load Regulation 2	V_{IN} = 8V, 5mA < I_{02} < 100mA		10	50	mV
IQ	Quiescent Current	$I_{02} = I_{01} \leq$ 5mA 0 < V_{IN} < 13V 7V < V_{IN} < 13V		 4.5 1.6	 6.5 3.5	mA
I_{Q1}	Quiescent Current 1	6.3V < V_{IN1} < 13V, V_{IN2} = 0 $I_{01} \leq$ 5mA, I_{02} = 0		0.6	0.9	mA
V_{RT}	Reset Threshold Voltage		V_{02} –0.15	4.9	V_{02} – 0.05	V
V_{RTH}	Reset Threshold Hysteresis		30	50	80	mV
V_{RH}	Reset Output Voltage HIGH	I_R = 500µA	V_{02} – 1	4.12	V_{02}	V
V_{RL}	Reset Output Voltage LOW	I_R = – 5mA		0.25	0.4	V
t_{RD}	Reset Pulse Delay	C_t = 10nF	3		11	ms
t_d	Timing Capacitor Discharge Time	C_t = 10nF			20	µs
$\frac{\Delta V_{01}}{\Delta T}$	Thermal Drift	– 20°C ≤<0>$T_{amb} \leq$ 125°C		0.3 –0.8		mV/°C
$\frac{\Delta V_{02}}{\Delta T}$	Thermal Drift	– 20°C ≤<0>$T_{amb} \leq$ 125°C		0.3 – 0.8		mV/°C
S_{VR1}	Supply Voltage Rejection	f = 100Hz, V_R = 0.5V, I_o = 50mA	50	84		dB
S_{VR2}	Supply Voltage Rejection	f = 100Hz, V_R = 0.5V, I_o = 100mA	50	80		dB

* The dropout voltage is defined as the difference between the input and the output voltage when the output voltage is lowered of 25 mV under constant output current condition.

TEST CIRCUIT

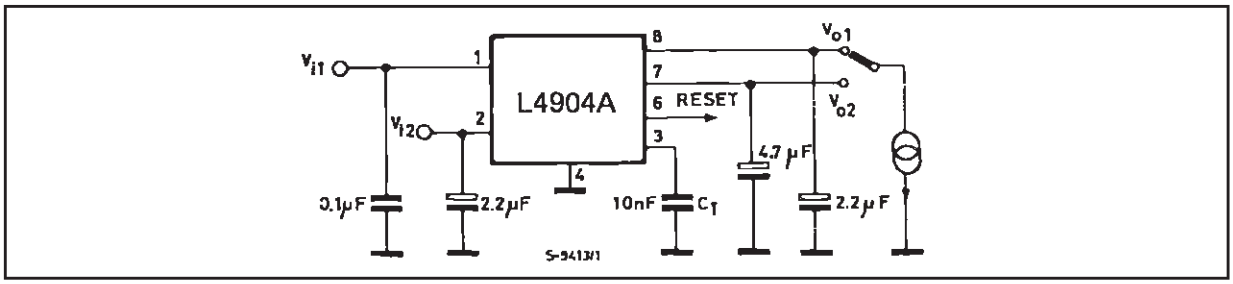
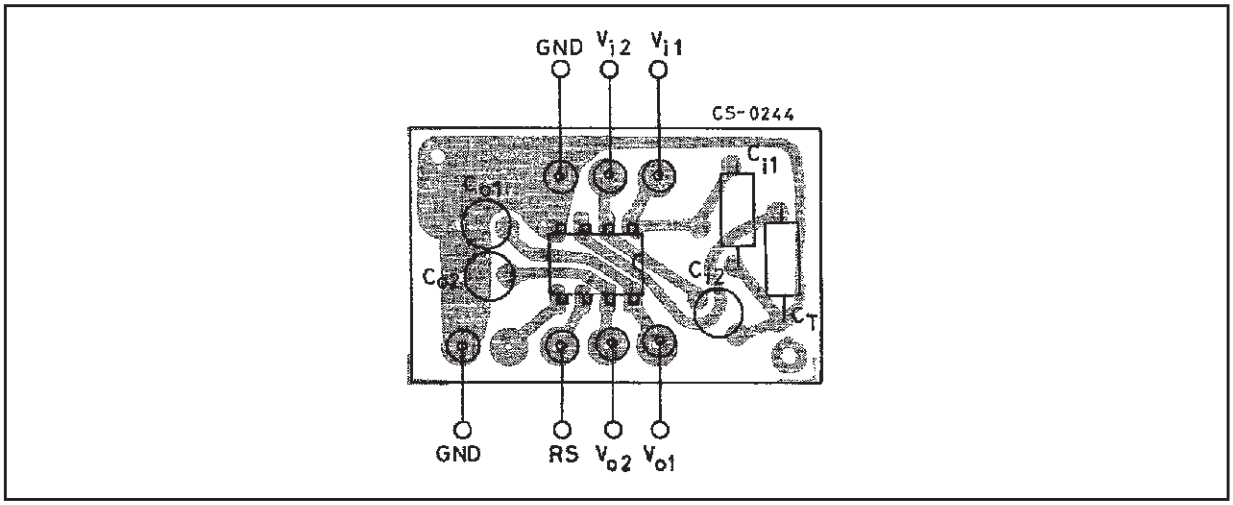


Figure 1 : P.C. Board and Components Layout of the Test Circuit (1:1 scale)



APPLICATION INFORMATION

In power supplies for µP systems it is necessary to provide power continuously to avoid loss of information in memories and in time of day clocks, or to save data when the primary supply is removed. The L4904A makes it very easy to supply such equipments ; it provides two voltage regulators (booth 5V high precision) with separate inputs plus a reset output for the data save function.

CIRCUIT OPERATION (see Figure 2)

After switch on Reg. 1 saturates until V_{01} rises to the nominal value.

When the input 2 reaches V_{IT} and the output 1 is higher than V_{RT} the output 2 (V_{02}) switches on and the reset output (V_R) also goes high after a programmable time T_{RD} (timing capacitor).

V_{02} and V_R are switched together at low level when one of the following conditions occurs :

- an input overvoltage
- an overload on the output 1 ($V_{01} < V_{RT}$) ;
- a switch off ($V_{IN} < V_{IT} - V_{ITH}$) ;

and they start again as before when the condition is removed.

An overload on output 2 does not switch Reg. 2, and does not influence Reg. 1.

The V_{01} output features :

- 5 V internal reference without voltage divider between the output and the error comparator ;
- very low drop series regulator element utilizing mirrors ;

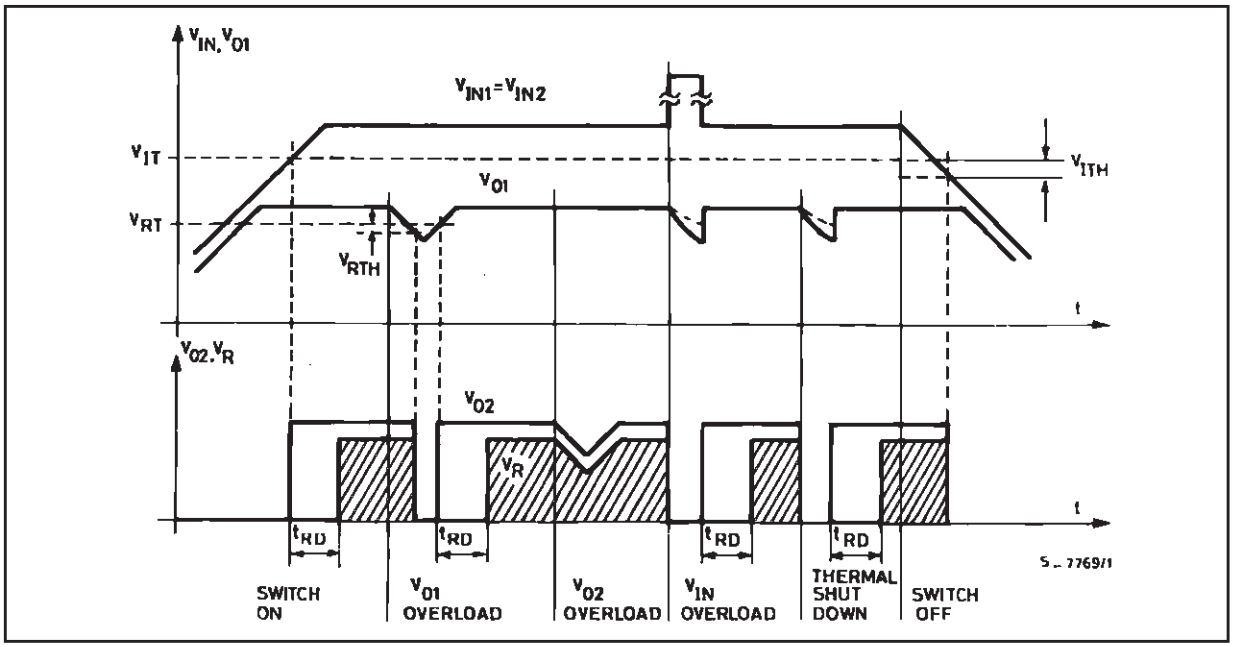
permit high output impedance and then very low leakage current even in power down conditions.

This output may therefore be used to supply circuits continuously, such as volatile RAMs, allowing the use of a back-up battery. The V_{01} regulator also features low consumption (0.6 mA typ.) to minimize battery drain in applications where the V_1 regulator is permanently connected to a battery supply.

The V_{02} output can supply other non essential 5 V circuits which may be powered down when the system is inactive, or that must be powered down to prevent uncorrect operation for supply voltages below the minimum value.

The reset output can be used as a "POWER DOWN INTERRUPT", permitting RAM access only in correct power conditions, or as a "BACK-UP ENABLE" to transfer data into in a NV SHADOW MEMORY when the supply is interrupted.

Figure 2



APPLICATION SUGGESTIONS

Figure 3 shows an application circuit for a µP system.

Reg. 1 is permanently connected to a battery and supplies a CMOS time-of-day clock and a CMOS microcomputer chip with volatile memory.

Reg. 2 may be switched OFF when the system is inactive.

Figure 4 shows the L4904A with a back up battery on the V_{01} output to maintain a CMOS time-of-day clock and a stand by type C-MOS µP. The reset output makes sure that the RAM is forced into the low consumption stand by state, so the access to memory is inhibit and the back up battery voltage cannot drop so low that memory contents are corrupted.

In this case the main on-off switch disconnects both regulators from the supply battery.

Application Circuits of a Microprocessor system (Figure 3) or with data save battery (Figure 4). The reset output provide delayed rising front at the

Figure 3

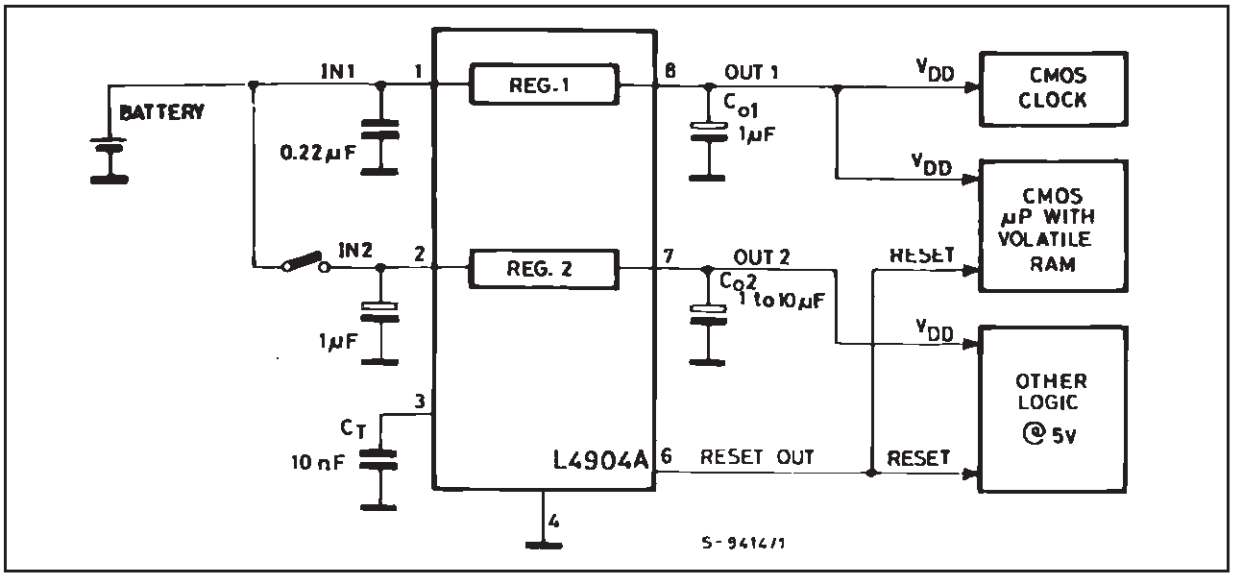


Figure 4

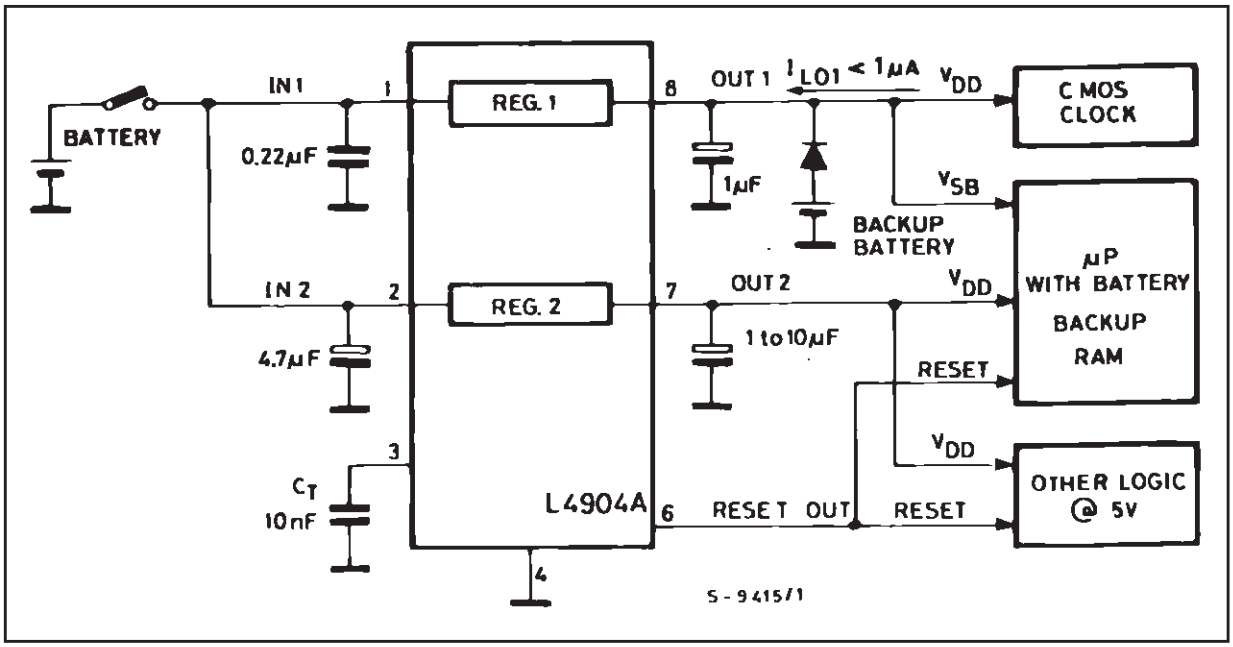

BATTERY
IN 1
1
0.22µF
REG. 1
8
OUT 1
I_{LO1} < 1µA
V_{DD}
C MOS CLOCK
1µF
V_{SB}
BACKUP BATTERY
µP WITH BATTERY BACKUP RAM
IN 2
2
REG. 2
7
OUT 2
V_{DD}
4.7µF
1 to 10µF
RESET
3
C_T
10nF
L4904A
6
RESET OUT
RESET
V_{DD}
OTHER LOGIC @ 5V
4
S-9415/1

Figure 5 : Quiescent Current (reg. 1) versus Output Current

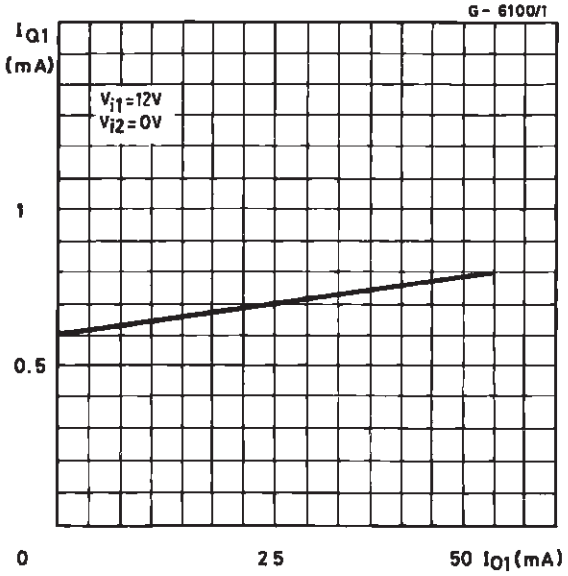


Figure 6 : Quiescent Current (reg. 1 versus Input Voltage

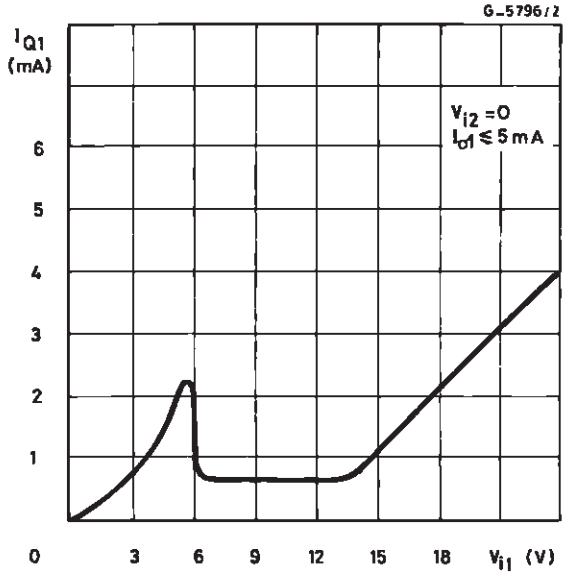


Figure 7 : Total Quiescent Current versus Input Voltage

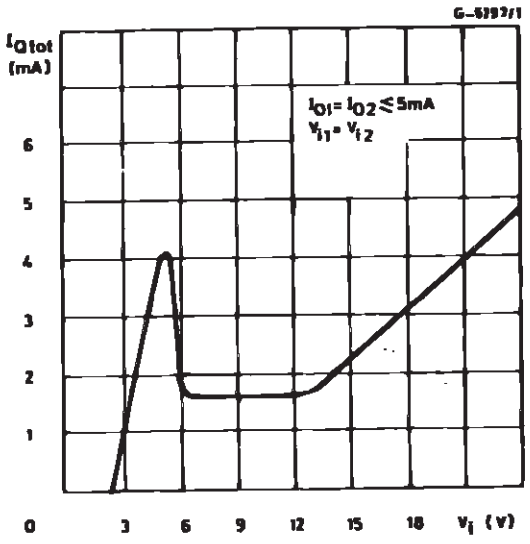
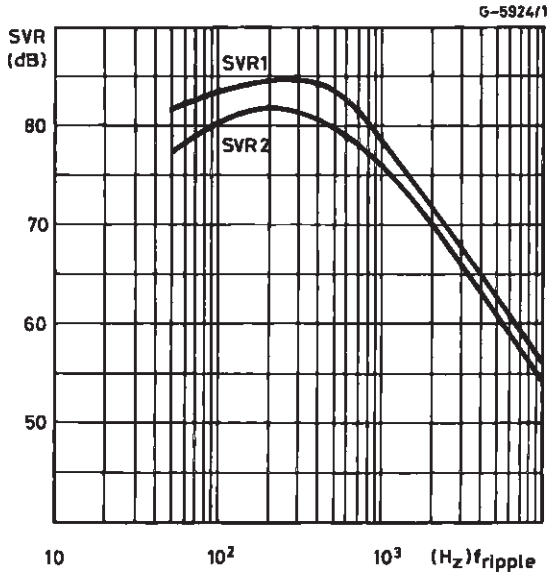
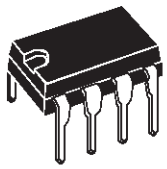


Figure 8 : Supply Voltage Rejection Regulators 1 and 2 versus Input Ripple Frequence



DIM.	mm			inch		
	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.
A		3.32			0.131	
a1	0.51			0.020		
B	1.15		1.65	0.045		0.065
b	0.356		0.55	0.014		0.022
b1	0.204		0.304	0.008		0.012
D			10.92			0.430
E	7.95		9.75	0.313		0.384
e		2.54			0.100	
e3		7.62			0.300	
e4		7.62			0.300	
F			6.6			0.260
I			5.08			0.200
L	3.18		3.81	0.125		0.150
Z			1.52			0.060

OUTLINE AND MECHANICAL DATA



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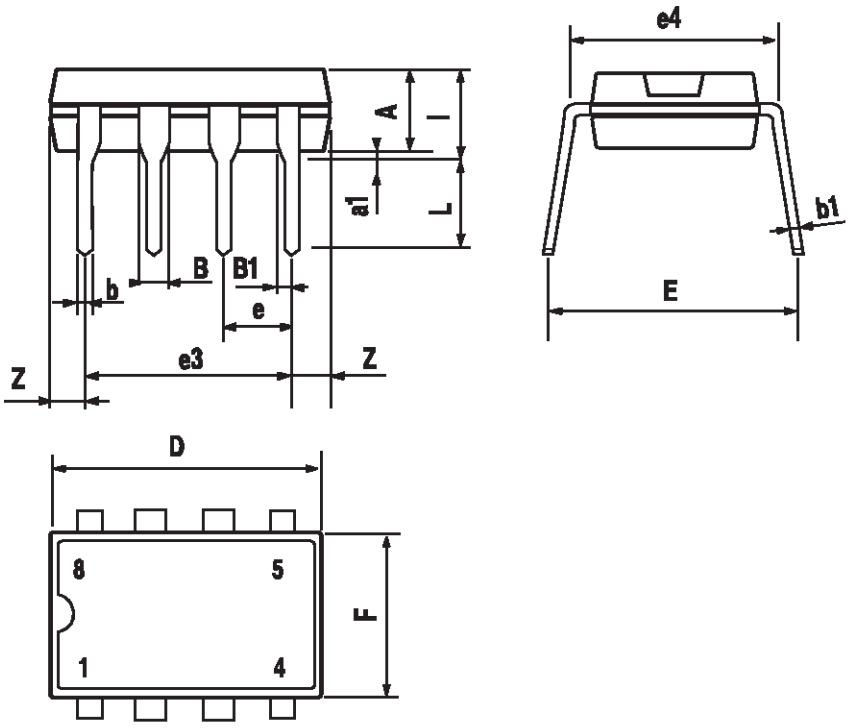

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